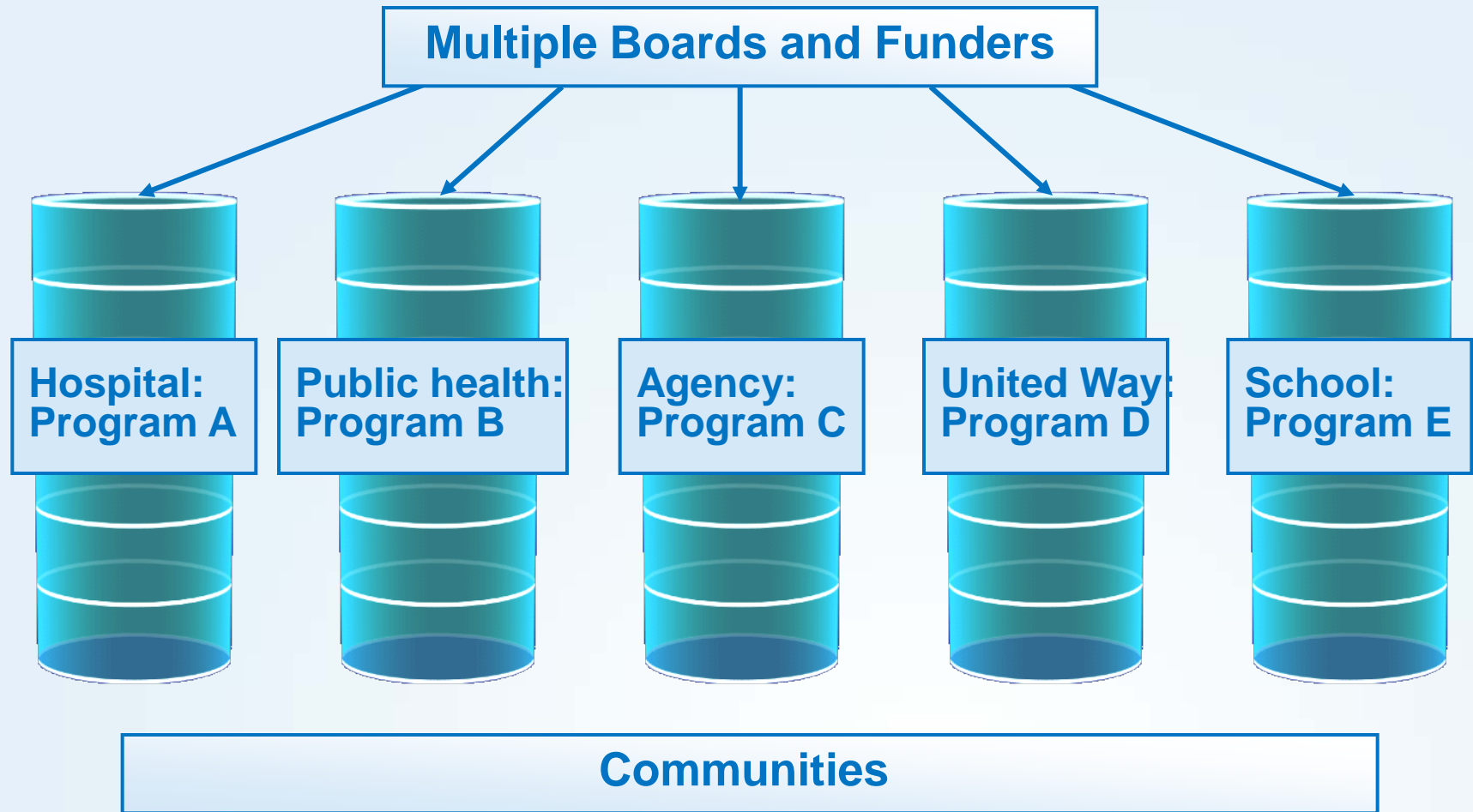


CDC Public Forum:

**Best Practices for Community
Health Needs Assessments and
Implementation Strategies:
Monitoring and Evaluation**

Cathy Kinney PhD
July 12, 2011

“Silo” perspective of community health initiatives



Impact of silo structures on community health monitoring and evaluation

- Multiple measures, with weak data coherence and utility across programs
- Measurement approach and use driven by understanding and perspective of diverse oversight groups
 - Form 990 for NFP hospitals
 - Health care providers and system scorecards
 - State agency reporting systems
 - Local agency boards
 - Local and national funders

General state of the art: community health monitoring and evaluation

- More inspection than improvement orientation
- Staff competencies and time to use data for improvement very limited
- Retrospective evaluations by outside evaluators, focused on programs' modest process goals
- Weak potential for meta analyses across programs
- Rare involvement of community members in design or review

Opportunity: intentional paradigm shift from silo programs to outcome-based “virtual systems”

- Bring programs into broader multisector initiatives, focused on specific community health outcomes
- Collaboratively develop shared logic models, engaging hospitals, public health, funders, oversight groups, residents
- Move from inspection to continuous improvement perspective and approaches
- Address significant measurement and data infrastructure gaps

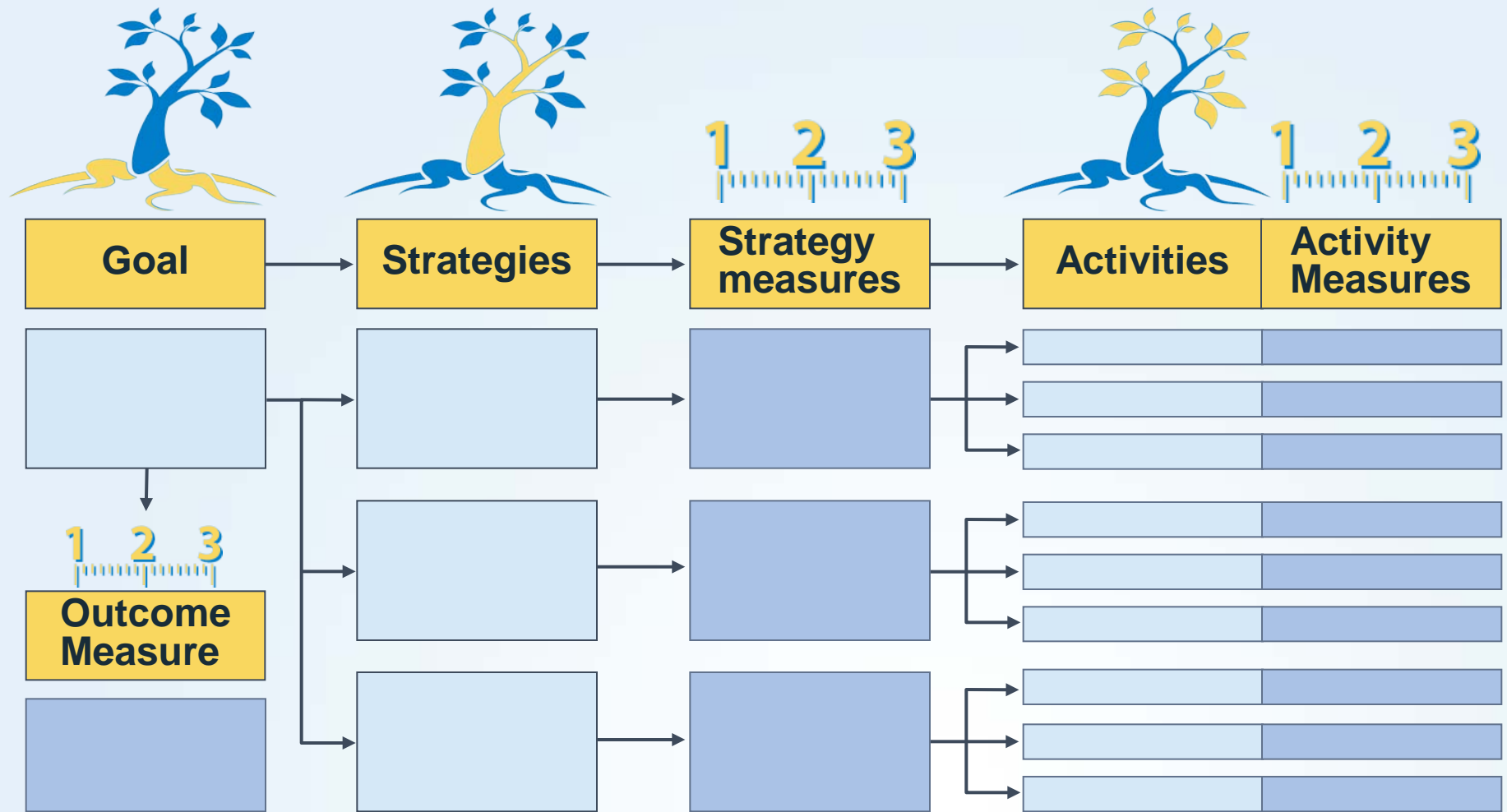
Necessary step: build readiness for alternative paradigm

- Educate all oversight entities and local stakeholders about limited impacts of individual programs
 - Share best practices and measures of results
- Identify a few topics/areas for a shared pilot across oversight entities
- Include community building as essential foundation work
- Build collaborative governance structures
- Assess specific projects in light of their current or potential contribution to overall outcome

Necessary step: use outcome-based, collaborative logic models to plan

- Engage all stakeholders at onset in collaborative process
 - Begin with desired long term result
 - Use evidence about “what works”
 - Describe relationship of processes and outcomes
 - Agree on useful and feasible measures to track progress
- Monitoring and program evaluation must be grounded in this logic model and measures

Tree diagram: a logic model tool for collaboratives (or programs)



Necessary step: embed continuous improvement approach

- Add consistent expectations about improvement and measurement to accountability agenda
- Develop new skills in governance, leadership, and staff
 - Collaborative governance and staffing practices
 - Use of data to guide improvement
 - Reflective learning
 - Realistic target setting
- Establish on line learning communities across sectors and settings

Necessary step: simplify measurement mechanics

- Select and fund useful measurement tools across sectors
 - Samples adequate for community level analysis
 - Frequent reporting cycles to guide improvement
 - Drill down capability for equity, neighborhood analyses
 - Appropriate for community assessments and ongoing tracking
 - Comparative information available for benchmarking
- Develop and test new measures in key process areas
- Agree on reporting expectations across oversight groups